Ipsos Public Affairs



How America Pays for Grad School

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Contents







Background and summary



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About the study

How America Pays for Graduate School is an online survey of 1,597 graduate students ages 20 and older

Topics of the study include:

- about how much they spent on graduate school,
- the resources they used to fund their education,
- their reasons for earning a graduate degree, and
- the considerations they weighed when making decisions about attending.

Interviews were conducted in English between May 18 and July 19, 2017. This timing improved the likelihood that responses would reflect actual, not projected, payment amounts for the 2016 – 17 academic year.

The survey sample comprised a cross-section of key demographic groups, and was stratified to ensure representation of select fields of study.

Composite of how the 'typical' graduate student pays for school is a mathematical representation similar to that created for How America Pays for College. Total dollar amounts reported by students are gross costs, before any financial aid is applied, and include their estimates of direct and indirect costs of attending school, including tuition, room and board, any additional cost-of- living expenses, and other expenses.



How America Pays for Graduate School



Grad students enrolled in graduate school are focused on earning credentials that will help them achieve their career goals. They say they are investing in their future, that the degree will help them enter or advance in their field, and that they will earn more with the degree.



Half of those currently enrolled had considered not attending because of the cost, but believe the benefits outweigh the expense, certain the investment in a graduate degree will open, or widen, the door to career opportunity and increased earnings.



The majority take ownership of their decisions to

- Attend: basing their degree and university choices on performance outcomes
- Figure out how to pay for it: creating a plan to pay before enrolling
- Pay for it: being willing to borrow and feeling confident in their decisions.



Graduate students fund more than three-quarters of their expenses themselves, using money they've earned or borrowed. Access to aid is limited, and contributions from family/others is minimal.



Why students attend grad school



Attitudes toward grad school

Investment in my

Earn more

New minimum for professionals

American Dream

Would go for social/intellectual experience

91% future 87% 64% **59% 56%**



Career goals influence grad school attendance

Primary reason for Attending Grad School





Part-time students are more likely to change field

Graduate degree is in the same field as undergrad





Doctoral students decide earlier to attend grad school

When they decided to attend grad school





Majority enroll within a year of earning bachelors

Time between Undergraduate and Graduate Enrollment





More than half anticipate a substantial salary increase

Expect their salary will change after graduation





(n=1002)

Estimated Salary increase after Graduation





Enrollment decisions and Planning



Decision point: Selecting a degree





Decision point: Full- vs part-time enrollment

Enrollment Status



Part-time students are more likely to be:

Currently employed
Have delayed starting grad school
Be married
Have children

Full-time students are more likely to be:

- Younger
- •Female
- •From the south
- •Black or Asian
- Doctorate level



School choice: quality, convenience, and cost





Paying-for-grad school considerations





Planners are more confident

Confident in Paying-for-Grad School Decisions





How grad students pay for school

Loans pay more than half of grad school costs

Average amount spent in academic year 2016-17: \$24,812





Federal student loans are top borrowing source

Average Funding Source Share, Student Borrowing Detail





Proportion of costs paid from:

- Federal loans: 27%
- Private or university loans: 13%
- Non-student loan borrowing: 13%



Savings is top personal spending source for grad school





Proportion of costs paid from:

- Savings/investments: 14%
- Current income: 7%
- Benefits: 4%



School top contributor of 'free money'

Proportion of costs paid from:

- University aid: 10%
- Private / community scholarships: 3%
- Government grants:
 2%

Average Funding Source Share, **Grant & Scholarship Detail** 15% Grants & scholarships University grant, scholarship, fellowship, or tuition waver Private scholarships Federal or state grants 2%

Part-time attendance comes with a lower pricetag

Full-time students spend nearly 50 percent more on grad school, on an annual basis, than part-time students.





Part-time students cover the cost of college themselves

How the Typical Student Pays for Grad School, Funding Source Share, by **Enrollment Status** Total 15% 24% 1% 53% **Full-time** 18% 19% 1% 54% Part-time 8% 34% 1% 52% ■ Grants & scholarships ■ Non-student income & savings ■ Student income & savings ■ Non-student borrowing ■ Student borrowing

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By nurturing a culture of collaboration and curiosity, we attract the highest calibre of people who have the ability and desire to influence and shape the future.

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