

# Highlights from the 2015 CGS/GRE Survey of Graduate Enrollment & Degrees

Keonna Feaster, MS and Hironao Okahana, MPP, PhD (@HironaoOkahana)

Council of Graduate Schools (@CGSGradEd)

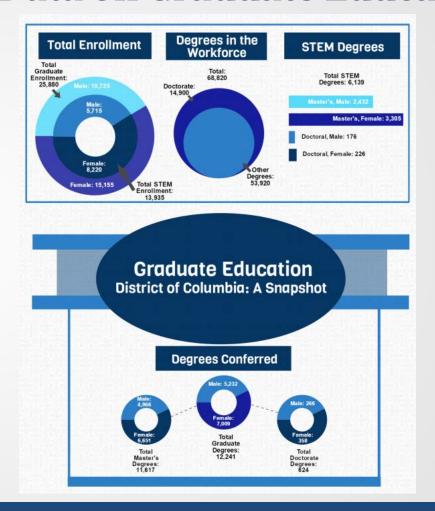
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### CGS/GRE Survey of Graduate Enrollment & Degrees

- The only national survey that collects data on first-time and total enrollment across all fields of master's and research doctoral studies
- The **only source** of data on master's and research doctoral enrollment by degree level and on applications to graduate school by all broad fields of study



### State Snapshots: Select Data on Graduate Education





#### **About the 2015 Survey**

	2014	2015
Survey Population*	787	776
Usable Surveys	637	617
Response Rate	81%	80%

<sup>\*</sup>Surveys were sent in **November 2015** to U.S. based institutions who were members of CGS and/or one of four regional graduate school associations (CSGS, MAGS, NAGS, WAGS)



### **Today's Presentation**

- Highlights for from the forthcoming report
  - New records
  - Notable trends
    - Applications
    - First-time enrollment
    - Degrees conferred
  - Insights into specific subgroups
- Open discussion



#### **New Records**

	2014	2015
Graduate applications	2,149,455	2,178,505*
Offers of admission	851,057	877,003
First-time enrollment	479,642	506,927

<sup>\*</sup>For the **second** time in the survey's history, the total number of graduate applications surpassed two million.



## Largest share of applications, by broad field of study, were for master's/other programs

	Master's/Other	Doctoral
Arts and Humanities	61.0%	38.6%
Biological and Agricultural Sciences	40.2%	59.7%
Business	91.7%	8.3%
Education	81.9%	18.1%
Engineering	69.3%	30.7%
Health Sciences	70.0%	27.4%
Mathematics and Computer Sciences	77.6%	22.4%
Physical and Earth Sciences	21.8%	78.2%
Public Administration and Services	95.2%	4.8%
Social and Behavioral Sciences	42.3%	57.7%
Other Fields	83.8%	16.2%



## Slower growth in applications for admission to doctoral programs, 2014 to 2015

	Master's/Other	Doctoral
Arts and Humanities	-2.9%	-2.7%
Biological and Agricultural Sciences	0.7%	-1.1%
Business	0.6%	-6.1%
Education	-2.0%	4.0%
Engineering	-0.3%	-1.6%
Health Sciences	2.9%	-12.3%
Mathematics and Computer Sciences	11.2%	3.8%
Physical and Earth Sciences	-8.0%	-1.7%
Public Administration and Services	-0.6%	-7.0%
Social and Behavioral Sciences	-0.3%	-2.0%
Other Fields	2.6%	-0.2%

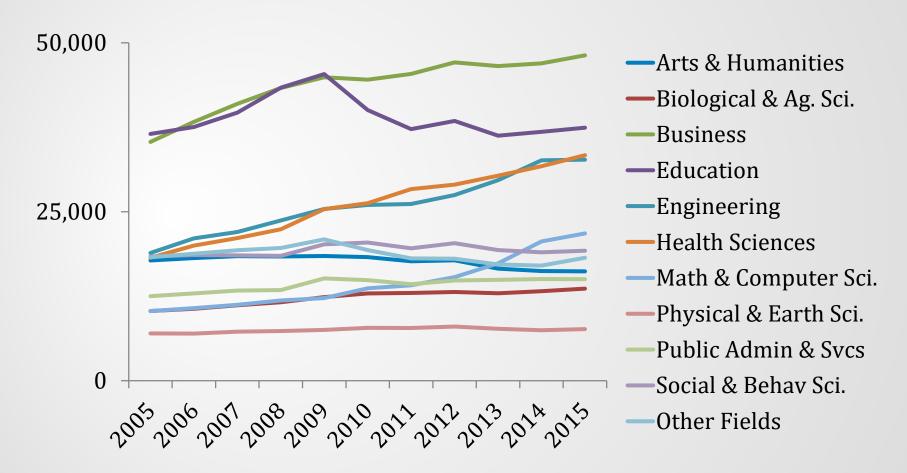


## Larger share of applications to STEM broad fields of study were for doctoral programs

	Master's/Other	Doctoral
Arts and Humanities	6.4%	9.3%
Biological and Agricultural Sciences	3.3%	11.3%
Business	16.1%	3.4%
Education	8.4%	4.3%
Engineering	14.7%	15.0%
Health Sciences	12.3%	11.1%
Mathematics and Computer Sciences	11.7%	7.8%
Physical and Earth Sciences	1.2%	9.6%
Public Administration and Services	4.4%	0.5%
Social and Behavioral Sciences	5.9%	18.7%
Other Fields	6.2%	2.8%

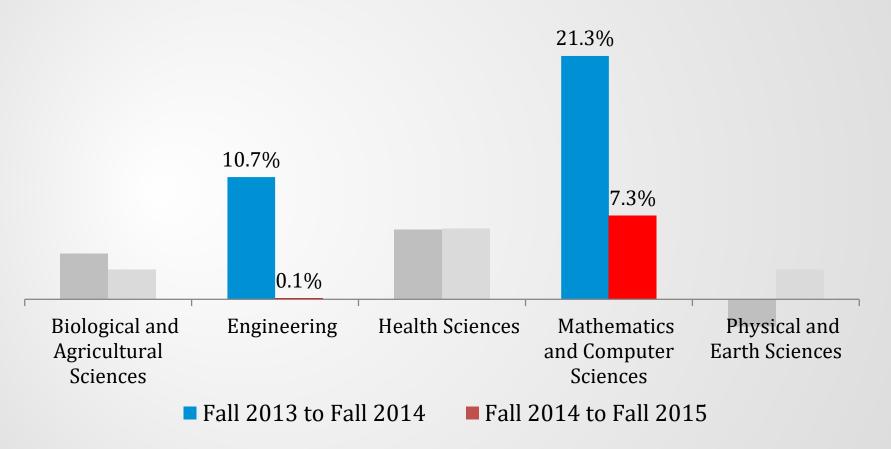


### First-Time Graduate Enrollment by Broad Fields of Study, Fall 2005 to Fall 2015





### 1-year % change in first-time enrollment for Engineering and Mathematics and Computer Sciences significantly slowed down

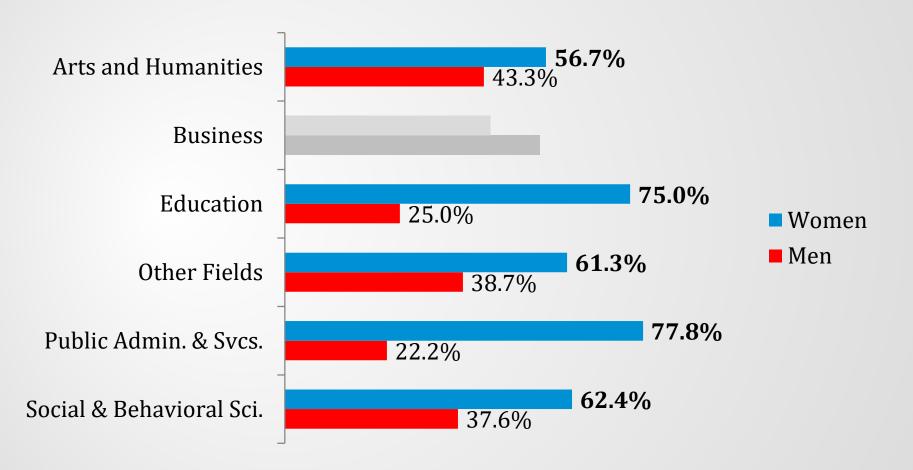




#### **Gender & First-Time Enrollment**

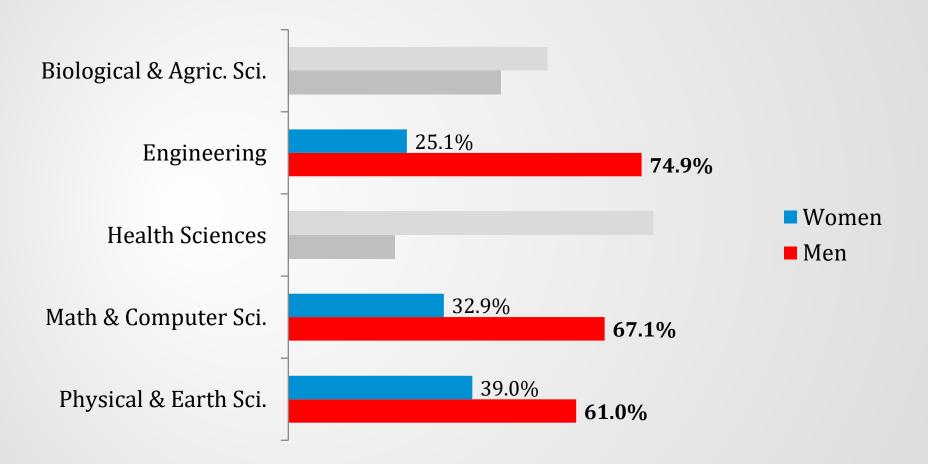


## More women enrolled for the first-time in non-STEM broad fields of study, Fall 2015



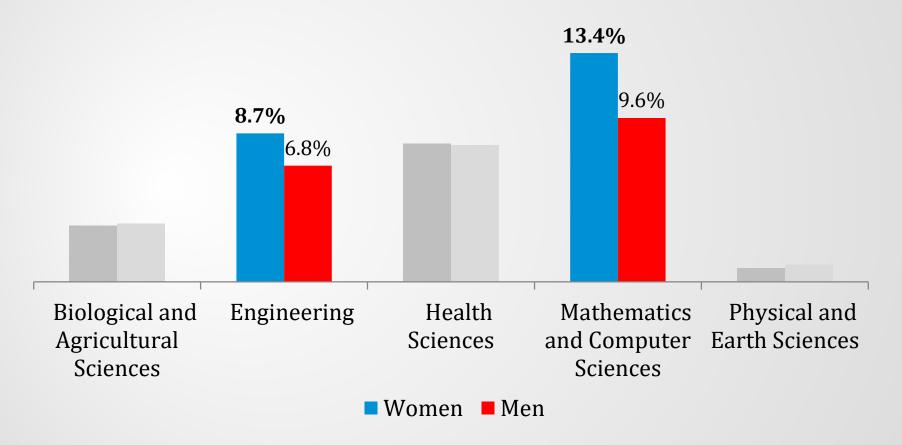


## Larger share of men enrolled for the first-time in STEM broad fields of study, Fall 2015



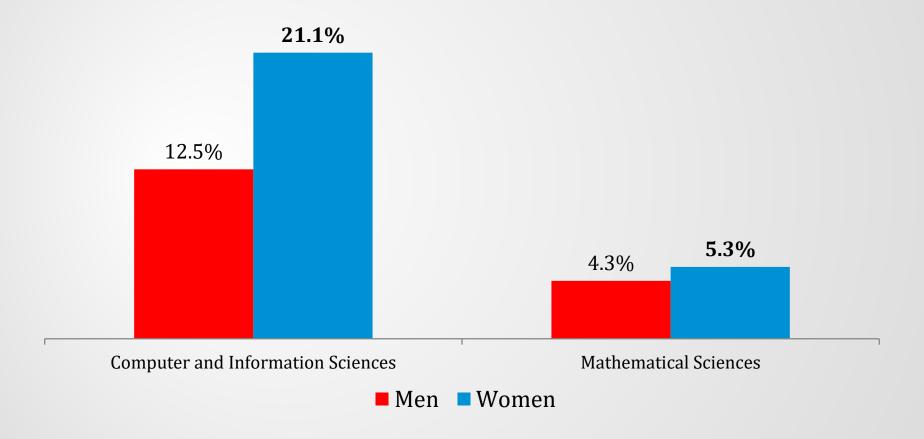


### Faster average annual growth for women in Engineering and Mathematics and Computer Sciences broad fields, 2005 to 2015



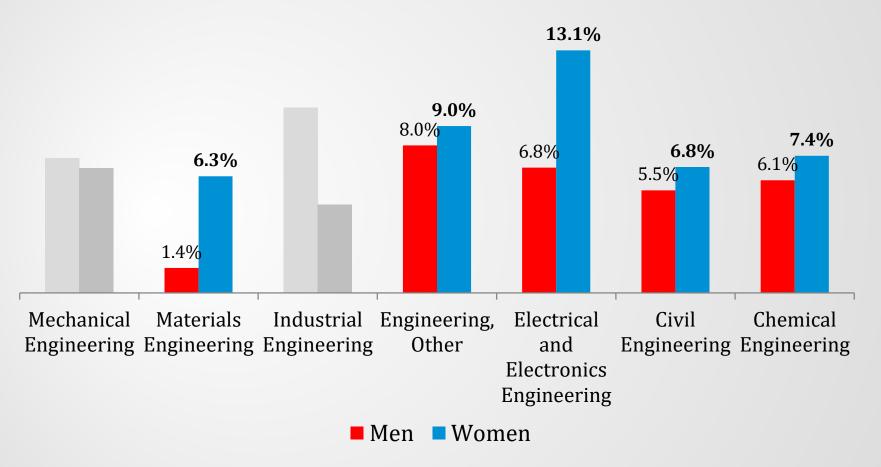


## Women also had higher growth in annual % change for Mathematics and Computer Sciences fine fields, 2005 to 2015





#### Women had faster annual average % change in firsttime enrollment within most Engineering fine fields, 2005 to 2015

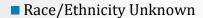




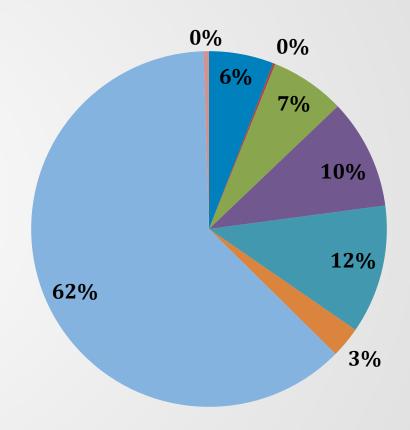
## Race/Ethnicity & First-Time Enrollment



### U.S. Citizen and Permanent Resident First-Time Enrollment by Race/Ethnicity, Fall 2015

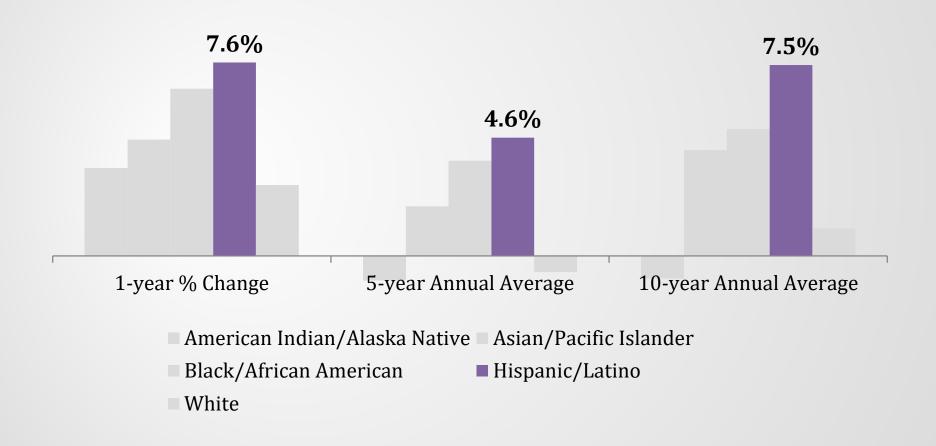


- Native Hawaiian/Other Pacific Islander
- Asian
- Hispanic/Latino
- Black/African American
- Two or More Races
- White
- American Indian/Alaska Native



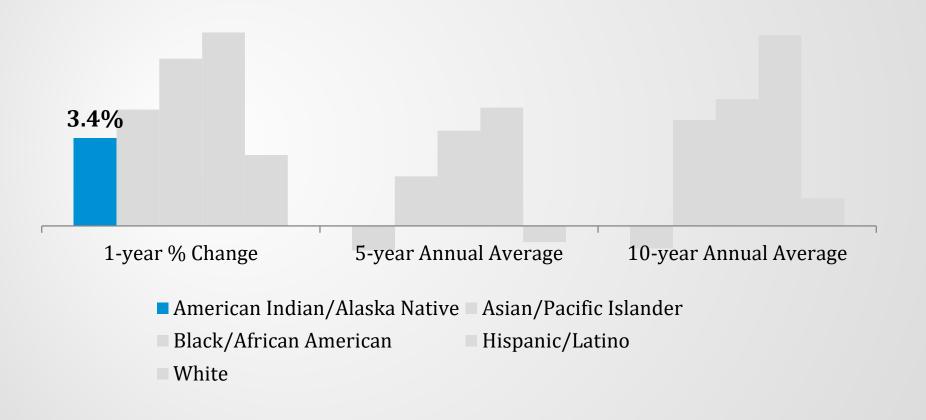


## Growth in first-time enrollment of Hispanic/Latino students highest among all URMs





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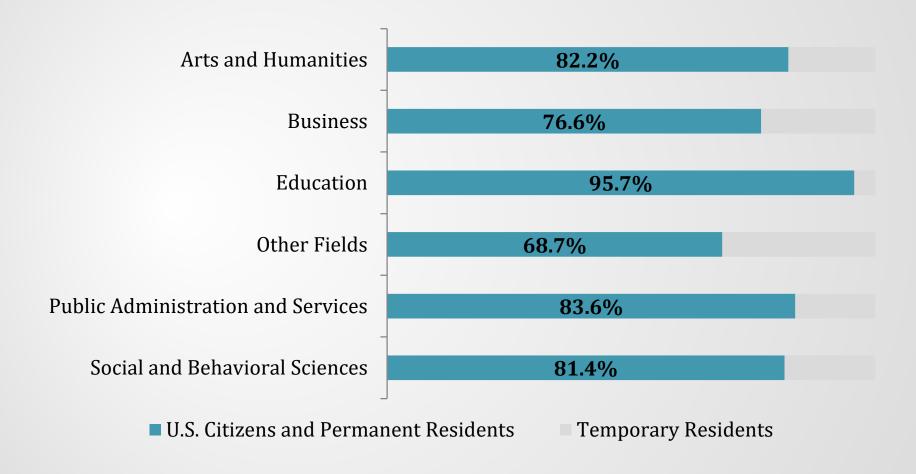




## Citizenship Status & First-Time Enrollment

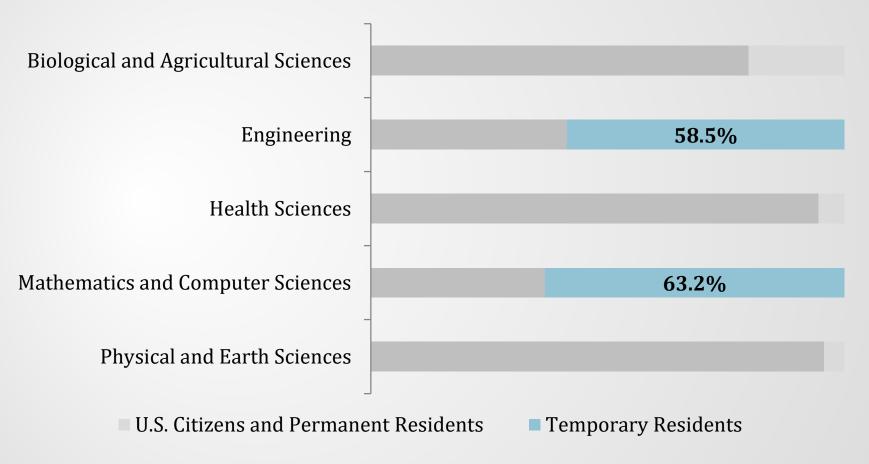


### Domestic students are the majority of first-time enrollees in <u>all</u> non-STEM fields, but ...





### International students are the majority in Engineering and Mathematics and Computer Sciences



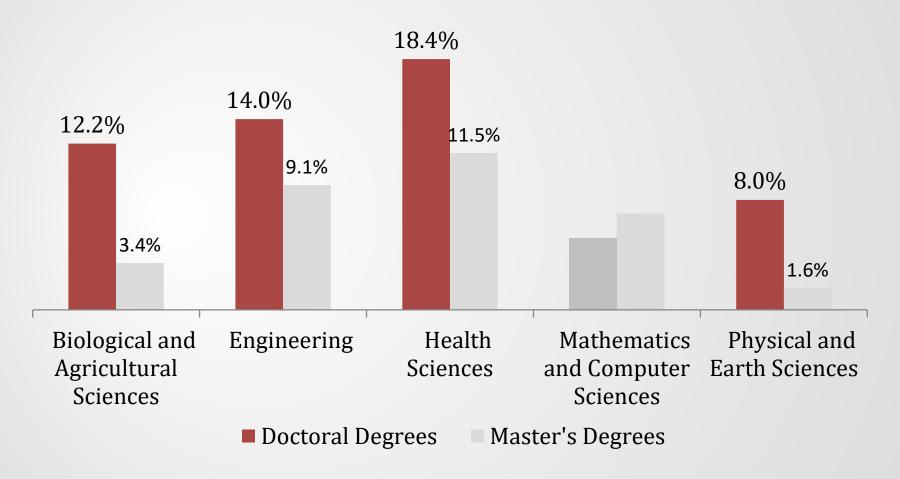


### Stronger growth in first-time enrollment for domestic students

	2013-2014		2014-2015	
	U.S. Citizens and Permanent Residents	Temporary Residents	U.S. Citizens and Permanent Residents	Temporary Residents
1-year % change	1.3%	11.2%	3.8%	5.7%
5-year annual average	-0.4%	10.1%	0.5%	10.7%
10-year annual average	1.9%	9.8%	2.1%	9.4%

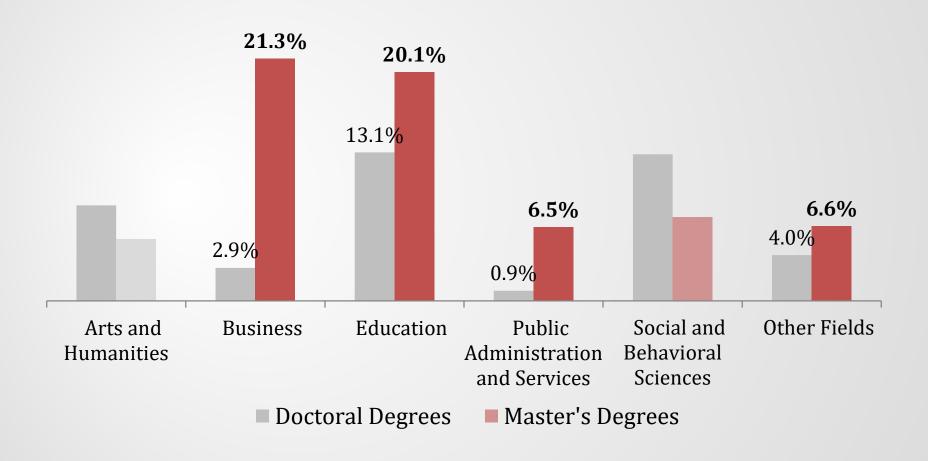


### Larger share of doctoral degrees awarded in STEM broad fields, Fall 2015





### Larger share of masters degrees awarded in non-STEM broad fields, Fall 2015





## Faster growth\* in master's degrees awarded in Engineering and Mathematics and Computer Sciences broad fields

	Master's	Doctoral
Arts and Humanities	-1.4%	2.2%
Biological and Agricultural Sciences	1.8%	2.0%
Business	-3.1%	6.2%
Education	-6.2%	0.1%
Engineering	8.4%	3.3%
Health Sciences	-2.3%	5.6%
<b>Mathematics and Computer Sciences</b>	40.5%	-3.5%
Physical and Earth Sciences	1.0%	1.1%
Public Administration and Services	3.7%	0.0%
Social and Behavioral Sciences	-2.4%	0.5%
Other Fields	-0.4%	13.7%

% Change, '13/14 - '14/15





Do these findings resonate with what you know about trends in graduate enrollment?

What is driving these changes?

What are some implications for the future?

Any implications for policy?

